



I Semester M.Sc. Examination, January 2017  
(R.N.S.) (2011 Onwards)  
MATHEMATICS  
M – 102 : Real Analysis

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any five** questions, choosing **atleast one** from **each** Part.

2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

## PART – A

1. a) Show that  $f(x) = -x^2 \in R[0, c]$ . 4
- b) If  $f \in R[\alpha]$  on  $[a, b]$ , then prove that  $\int_a^b f d\alpha = \int_a^{\bar{b}} f d\alpha = \int_a^b f d\alpha = \lambda[\alpha(b) - \alpha(a)]$ ,  
where  $\lambda \in [m, M]$  ( $m$  : greatest lower bound and  $M$  : least upper bound). 6
- c) Prove that  $f \in R[\alpha]$  on  $[a, b]$  iff  
given  $\epsilon > 0$ ,  $\exists$  a partition  $P$  of  $[a, b]$  /  $U(P, f, \alpha) - L(P, f, \alpha) < \epsilon$ . 6
2. a) If  $f_1, f_2 \in R[\alpha]$  on  $[a, b]$  and  $f_1 \leq f_2$ , then show that  $\int_a^b f_1 d\alpha \leq \int_a^b f_2 d\alpha$ . 4
- b) If  $f \in R[\alpha]$  on  $[a, b]$ ,  $f \in [m, M]$  and  $\phi$  is a continuous function of  $f$  on  $[m, M]$ ,  
then show that  $\phi(f(x)) \in R[\alpha]$  on  $[a, b]$ . 8
- c) Show that  $|f| \in R[\alpha]$  on  $[a, b]$  if  $f \in R[\alpha]$  on  $[a, b]$ . Give an example of a  
function  $f$  such that  $|f| \in R[\alpha]$  on  $[0, 1]$  and  $f \notin R[\alpha]$  on  $[0, 1]$ . 4
3. a) Let  $f \in R[a, b]$  and let  $F(x) = \int_a^x f(t) dt$  [ $a \leq x \leq b$ ]. Then prove that  $F(x)$  is  
continuous on  $[a, b]$ . Further, show that if  $f(x)$  is continuous at  $x_0$  in  $[a, b]$ ,  
then  $F$  is differentiable and  $F'(x_0) = f(x_0)$ . 8



b) If  $\lim_{\mu(P) \rightarrow 0} S(P, f, \alpha)$  exists, then show that  $f \in R[\alpha]$  on  $[a, b]$  and

$$\lim_{\mu(P) \rightarrow 0} S(P, f, \alpha) = \int_a^b f d\alpha . \quad 4$$

c) Show that a function of bounded variation on  $[a, b]$  is bounded. 4

PART – B

4. State and prove Cauchy’s principle for uniform convergence of

a)  $\{f_n(x)\}$  on  $[a, b]$ ,

b)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f_n(x)$  on  $[a, b]$ . 16

5. a) Let  $\{f_n(x)\}$  be uniformly convergent to  $f(x)$  on  $[a, b]$  and let each  $f_n(x)$  be continuous on  $[a, b]$ . Prove that  $f(x)$  is continuous on  $[a, b]$ . 8

b) Discuss the properties of any two of exponential, logarithmic and Fourier series. 8

6. State and prove Stone-Weierstrass theorem. 16

PART – C

7. a) Let  $E$  be an open subset of  $R^n$  and  $f : E \rightarrow R^n$  be a differentiable function at  $x_0 \in E$ . Then prove that  $f$  is continuous at  $x_0$  and  $f'(x_0)$  is unique. 6

b) If  $T \in L(R^n, R^m)$ , then prove that  $\|T\| < \infty$  and  $T$  is a uniformly continuous mapping of  $R^n$  onto  $R^m$ . 6

c) Discuss the continuity on  $R^2$  of  $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} x^2 - y^2, & x \neq 0, y \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0, y = 0 \end{cases}$ . 4

8. State and prove the implicit function theorem. 16

